CS 1202 CIE 3 13th March 2013

- 1. Discuss the parallel algorithm for the pipelined version of Gaussian elimination with column pivoting to solve a system of linear equations Ax = b. How this algorithm is different from the column-oriented and row-oriented algorithms? [5M] Discuss its scalability? [2M]
- 2. Discuss briefly the algorithm for parallel sorting by regular sampling. Discuss its algorithmic complexity and scalability? [6M]
- 3. Discuss the Cannon's algorithm briefly. Is it scalable, discuss? [5M] Does the algorithm works for the case when matrix dimension is not a multiple of 'p', the number of processes? If not, how will you modify it to make it work for this case? [2m]

[1 Mark each]

- 4. In MPI_Comm_split, if two processes of the same color are assigned the same key, then [B]
 - a) error results.
 - b) their rank numbers in the new communicator are ordered according to their relative rank order in the old communicator.
 - c) they both share the same rank in the new communicator.
- MPI_Comm_split(old_comm, color, key, new_comm) is equivalent to MPI_Comm_create(old_comm, group, new_comm) when
 [B]
 - a) color=lam, key=0; calling process lam belongs to group; ELSE color=MPI_UNDEFINED for all other processes in old comm.
 - b) color=0, key=lam; calling process lam belongs to group; ELSE color=MPI_UNDEFINED for all other processes in old_comm.
 - c) color=0, key=0
- 6. With MPI_Cart_shift(comm, direction, displ, source, dest), if the calling process is the first or the last entry along the shift direction and that displ is greater than 0, then
 - a) error results.
 - b) MPI_Cart_shift returns source and dest if periodicity is imposed along the shift direction. Otherwise, source and/or dest return MPI_UNDEFINED.
 - c) error results unless periodicity is imposed along the shift direction.
- 7. Assume the only communicator used in this problem is MPI_COMM_WORLD. After calling MPI_INIT, process 1 immediately sends two messages to process 0. The first message sent has tag 100, and the second message sent has tag 200. After calling MPI_INIT and verifying there are at least 2 processes in MPI_COMM_WORLD, process 0 calls MPI_RECV with the source argument set to 1 and the tag argument set to 200. Choose the best answer.

 [A]

- a) Process 0 is deadlocked, since it attempted to receive the second message before receiving the first.
- b) Process 0 receives the second message sent by process 1, even though the first message has not yet been received.
- c) None of the above.
- 8. When using MPI_Cart_create, if the cartesian grid size is larger than processes available in old_comm, then:
 - a) error results.
 - b) the cartesian grid is automatically reduced to match processes available in old comm.
 - c) more processes are added to match the requested cartesian grid size if possible; otherwise error results.
- 9. In MPI, a reduction (MPI Reduce) is a form of Collective (All-to-one) communication.
- 10. What is meant by the term "Embarrassingly Parallel" computation?

[B]

- a) All parallel computations are embarrassingly parallel computations
- b) A computation that can be divided into parallel parts in an obvious fashion without the parts generally needing to communicate with each other.
- c) One that is simple.
- d) A computation that cannot be divided into parallel parts.
- e) A P2P (peer-to-peer) computation
- f) None of the other answers
- 11. Consider an MPI code running on four processors, denoted A, B, C, and D. In the default communicator MPI_COMM_WORLD their ranks are 0-3, respectively. Assume that we have defined another communicator, called USER_COMM, consisting of processors B and D. Which one of the following statements about USER_COMM is always true?

 [D]
 - a) Processors B and D have ranks 1 and 3, respectively.
 - b) Processors B and D have ranks 0 and 1, respectively.
 - c) Processors B and D have ranks 1 and 3, but which has which is in general undefined.
 - d) Processors B and D have ranks 0 and 1, but which has which is in general undefined.